

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior listings:

1. (Previously Presented) A method in a data processing system for facilitating reuse of data blocks, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving from a client program a data block request identifying a data block;

obtaining constituent data that comprises the data block and deriving a data block identifier for the data block from the constituent data;

determining whether the data block is a registered data block in a collection of data blocks using the data block identifier;

when the data block is not a registered data block, registering the data block in the collection of data blocks;

generating a registration reference for accessing the data block;

returning the registration reference to the client program;

determining whether the data block was previously transmitted to a client terminal;

when the data block was not previously transmitted to the client terminal, retrieving the data block using the registration reference and transmitting the data block to the client terminal; and

when the data block was previously transmitted to the client terminal, transmitting, a prior transmission indicator to the client terminal that identifies a client local copy of the data block.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of receiving comprises receiving from the client program a request data object comprising a data block identifier and at least one of the data block and a pointer to the data block.

3. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of deriving comprises the step of generating a codeword based on the constituent data.
4. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the step of generating a codeword comprises the step of generating a CRC codeword.
5. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the step of generating comprises the step of generating an ADLER codeword.
6. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the step of deriving further comprises the step of deriving the data block identifier based additionally on data block characteristic information.
7. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the collection of data blocks is a linked list of data blocks.
8. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of receiving comprises the step of receiving the data block request at a registration server from a requesting program.
9. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of registering comprises the step of adding the data block to a linked list of additional data blocks that comprises the collection of data blocks.
10. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of generating a registration reference comprises the step of generating one of a pointer and a handle to the data block.
11. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of generating a registration reference comprises the step of generating a registration handle object comprising a reference to a resource allocated for the data block.

12. (Original) A method according to claim 11, wherein the resource is one of a memory area allocated for the data block and a process started in connection with the data block.

13. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the step of determining comprises the step of comparing the data block identifier against additional data block identifiers for additional data blocks in the collection of data blocks.

14. (Canceled)

15. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium storing instructions that cause a data processing system to perform a method for facilitating reuse of data blocks, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving from a client program a data block request identifying a data block;

obtaining constituent data that comprises the data block and deriving a data block identifier for the data block from the constituent data;

determining whether the data block is a registered data block in a collection of data blocks;

when the data block is not a registered data block, registering the data block in the collection of data blocks;

generating a registration reference for accessing the data block;

returning the registration reference to the client program;

determining whether the data block was previously transmitted to a client terminal;

when the data block was not previously transmitted to the client terminal, retrieving the data block using the registration reference and transmitting the data block to the client terminal; and

when the data block was previously transmitted to the client terminal, transmitting a prior

transmission indicator to the client terminal that identifies a client local copy of the data block.

16. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of receiving comprises the step of receiving from the client program a request data object comprising a data block identifier and at least one of the data block and a pointer to the data block.

17. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of deriving comprises the step of generating a codeword based on the constituent data.

18. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 17, wherein the step of generating a codeword comprises the step of generating a CRC codeword.

19. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 17, wherein the step of generating comprises the step of generating an ADLER codeword.

20. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 17, wherein the step of deriving further comprises the step of deriving the data block identifier based additionally on data block characteristic information.

21. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the collection of data blocks is a linked list of data blocks.

22. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of receiving comprises the step of receiving the data block request at a registration server from a requesting program.

23. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of registering comprises the step of adding the data block to a linked list of additional data blocks that comprises the collection of data blocks.

24. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of generating a registration reference comprises the step of generating either a pointer or a handle to the data block,

25. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 15, wherein the step of generating a registration reference comprises the step of generating a registration handle object comprising a reference to a resource allocated for the data block.

26. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 25, wherein the resource is one of a memory area allocated for the data block and a process started in connection with the data block.

27. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium according to claim 17, wherein the step of determining comprises the step of comparing the data block identifier against additional data block identifiers for additional data blocks in the collection of data blocks.

28. (Canceled)

29. (Previously Presented) A method in a data processing system for facilitating reuse of data blocks, the method comprising the steps of:

generating at a requesting program a request data object based on a requested data block, the request data object including at least one of binary data of the requested data block and an initial reference to binary data of the requested data block;

communicating the request data object to a determination component;

receiving at the determination component the request data object;

obtaining a request data block identifier for the requested data block derived from constituent data of the requested data block;

determining, based on the request data block identifier, whether the requested data block is a registered data block represented by an existing request data object in a request data object collection;

when the data block is not a registered data block, registering the request data object in the collection of data blocks by creating a new request data object based on the request data object and inserting the new request data object into the request data object collection;

generating a registration handle object for accessing the data block, the registration handle object comprising at least one of the binary data of the requested data block, the initial reference to binary data of the requested data block, and an existing reference to binary data of the requested data block;

returning the registration handle object to the requesting program;

allocating a temporary memory area for the requested data block;

analyzing a memory reference in the registration handle object to determine whether the memory reference other than the first temporary memory area; and

releasing the temporary memory area when the memory reference points to other than the first temporary memory area.

30. (Original) A method according to claim 29, further comprising the step of releasing duplicate resources allocated to the requested data block.

31. (Original) A method according to claim 29, wherein the step of obtaining the request data block identifier comprises the step of obtaining a codeword derived from the constituent data.

32. (Canceled)

33. (Previously Presented) A method 23, in a data processing system for facilitating reuse of data blocks, the method comprising the steps of:

generating at a requesting program a request data object based on a requested data block, the request data object including at least one of binary data of the requested data block and an initial reference to binary data of the requested data block;

communicating the request data object to a determination component;

receiving at the determination component the request data object;

obtaining a request data block identifier for the requested data block derived from constituent data of the requested data block;

determining, based on the request data block identifier, whether the requested data block is a registered data block represented by an existing request data object in a request data object collection;

when the data block is not a registered data block, registering the request data object in

the collection of data blocks by creating a new request data object based on the request data object and inserting the new request data object into the request data object collection;

generating a registration handle object for accessing the data block, the registration handle object comprising at least one of the binary data of the requested data block, the initial reference to binary data of the requested data block, and an existing reference to binary data of the requested data block;

returning the registration handle object to the requesting program;

determining whether the requested data block was previously transmitted to a client terminal;

when the requested data block was not previously transmitted to the client terminal, retrieving the requested data block using the memory reference and transmitting the data block to the client terminal; and

when the data block was previously transmitted to the client terminal, instead transmitting a data block identifier to the client processing system that identifies a client local copy of the data block.

34. (Previously Presented) A data processing system comprising:

a memory comprising a determination component comprising instructions that ascertain whether

a requested data block is represented by existing registration data objects based on a data block identifier for the requested data block derived from constituent data of the requested data block, a filing component comprising instructions that register the requested data block with a new

registration data object when the requested data block is not represented by existing registration data objects, and a handle object component comprising instructions that return a registration handle object to a requesting program that specifies a resource associated with the requested data block;

a processing unit that runs the determination component, filing component, and handle object component; and

an analysis component comprising instructions that examine the registration handle object to determine whether a client terminal received the requested data block in response to an earlier request, and instructions for transmitting a prior transmission indicator to the client terminal in lieu of binary data of the requested data block when the client terminal has received

the requested data block in response to an earlier request.

35. (Original) A data processing system according to claim 34, wherein the determination component further comprises instructions that obtain a request data block identifier codeword.

36. (Original) A data processing system according to claim 34, wherein the determination component further comprises instructions that obtain a request data block identifier CRC codeword derived from the constituent data.

Claims 37-38 (Canceled)

39. (Original) A data processing system according to claim 34, further comprising instructions for releasing duplicate resources allocated to the requested data block based on a resource reference provided in the registration handle object.

40. (Currently Amended) A data processing system for facilitating reuse of data blocks, the data processing system comprising:

means for processing a request from a requesting program via a processor and memory including:

means for receiving from ~~a~~the requesting program a request data object that identifies a data block and for determining whether the data block is registered in a data block collection based on a data block identifier for the data block derived from constituent data of the data block;

means for registering the data block in the data block collection;

means for generating a registration handle object referencing the data block and transmitting the registration handle object to the requesting program; and

means for determining whether the data block was previously transmitted to a client terminal;

means for retrieving the data block and transmitting the data block to the client terminal; and

means for transmitting a prior transmission indicator to the client terminal that identifies a client local copy of the data block.

41 - 48. (Canceled)

49. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 33, further comprising the step of releasing duplicate resources allocated to the requested data block.

50. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 33, wherein the step of obtaining the request data block identifier comprises the step of obtaining a codeword derived from the constituent data.